

John Deere 2000 Series Crawler Tractors



SERVICE MANUAL

John Deere 2000 Series Crawler Tractors

SM2037 (01MAY87) English

SM2037 (01MAY87)

LITHO IN U.S.A. ENGLISH



JOHN DEERE

2000 series

CRAWLER TRACTORS

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Section 10

DESCRIPTION AND SPECIFICATIONS

Group 5 DESCRIPTION

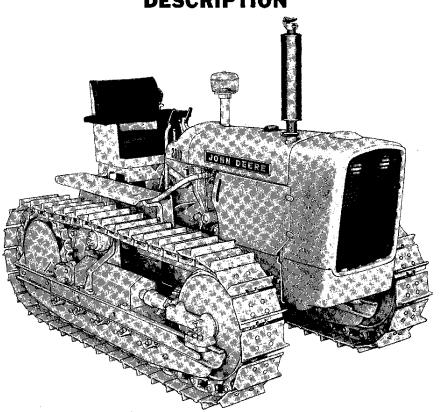


Fig. 10-5-1-Right-Hand View of 2010 Crawler Tractor

The John Deere 2010 Series Crawler Tractor (Fig. 10-5-1) is rugged and strong to meet the needs of industrial users. Its track-laying tread makes this tractor especially useful whenever good flotation and additional traction or extra stability are desirable. Because of the wide variety of equipment available for use with this tractor, the 2010 Crawler plays an important role in the construction and logging industries.

FEATURES

GASOLINE ENGINE

The 2010 Series Gasoline Crawler has a vertical, 4-cylinder, valve-in-head, four stroke

cycle, internal combustion engine. A bore of 3-5/8 inches and a stroke of 3-1/2 inches gives a piston displacement of approximately 145 cubic inches. The compression ratio is 7.9 to 1. Pistons with 9.0 to 1 compression ratio are available for high altitude operation.

Engine speeds are controlled by a flyweighttype governor, gear-driven from the camshaft gear.

The tractor is equipped with a 16 U.S. gallon fuel tank and a conventional, updraft-type carburetor.

Gasoline models have a battery-distributortype ignition system with automatic spark advance. A 12-volt battery, generator, and starter are standard equipment.

DIESEL ENGINE

The 2010 Series Diesel Crawler has a vertical, 4-cylinder, valve-in-head, fuel injection, four-stroke cycle, internal combustion engine. A bore of 3-7/8 inches and a stroke of 3-1/2 inches gives a piston displacement of approximately 165 cubic inches. The compression ratio of the diesel engine is 19 to 1. Engine speeds and injection timing are controlled by the fuel injection pump.

The 2010 Series diesel engine uses a distributor-type fuel injection pump. The fuel system consists of a 16-gallon fuel tank, two fuel filters, fuel strainer, turbulence chambers, fuel injection pump and nozzles.

The fuel injection pump is an opposed plunger, inlet metering, distributor-type. Injection nozzles are of the outward opening pintle type and are located in turbulence chambers mounted at the top of each cylinder.

The diesel engines are equipped with electrical pre-heating devices called ''glow plugs'' which are located above the fuel injectors on the turbulence chambers. The engines may also be equipped with a solid fuel primer located on the air intake manifold. Both devices are used for cold weather starting only. For information regarding engine starting, refer to the tractor's operator's manual.

A 12-volt battery actuates the diesel starting system.

DIESEL AND GASOLINE ENGINES

Crankshaft rotation is clockwise when viewed from the front.

A wet-type ''sleeve and deck'' assembly is used. This feature allows worn cylinder walls to be renewed without replacing or reboring the cylinder block.

The engines have replaceable precision-type main and connecting rod bearing inserts. All bearings and other parts of the engine are lubricated by a force-feed and splash-type system with a bypass-type oil filter. The system includes a positive displacement gear-driven oil pump. The pump is located underneath the fuel injection pump on diesel models and underneath the dis-

tributor on gasoline models. The pump extends into the bottom of the crankcase. Oil is fed under 35 to 50 pounds pressure to the lubricating parts of the engine.

The engines are liquid cooled with a pressure type system; the coolant flows through passages around the cylinders in the block, and around valves in the cylinder head and through the radiator by a centrifugal water pump located on the cylinder block, and operated by the fan belt. A thermostat and fixed bypass insure a quick and thorough engine warm-up.

LIGHTING SYSTEM

All lighting equipment is optional and includes grille-mounted headlights, a dash light, a combination white and red rear warning light, and auxiliary plug-in light socket.

TRANSMISSION (CONSTANT MESH)

The constant mesh transmission consists basically of the shafts which carry the necessary gears, pinions, collar gears, and shifters to provide eight forward speeds and four reverse speeds. It is a selective sliding-collar type and is clutched and shifted manually.

TRANSMISSION (H-L-R)

The H-L-R transmission is basically a standard collar shift transmission plus an automatic reverser and underdrive unit. The gears in the speed change box are shifted manually, while the gears in the range change box are shifted hydraulically by means of hydraulic clutches. The operator can use the reverser lever to select a high, low, or reverse range for any shift station. This gives a choice of eight forward gears and four reverse gears.

ENGINE CLUTCH

The engine clutch used on the constant mesh and H-L-R transmissions is a single, dry disk type with friction facings riveted to either side of the driven disk. When in the engaged position, these facings contact the rear surface of the engine flywheel and the pressure plate.

On the constant mesh transmission the clutch assembly is controlled by a pedal and is used for transmission shifting.

On the H-L-R transmission the clutch assembly is controlled by a disconnect lever and is used only for cold weather starting.

In both cases movement is transmitted through the linkage assembly and throw-out bearing to the pressure plate.

POWER TAKE-OFF

The power take-off is an engine-driven type and is completely independent of tractor ground travel. It fully meets all ASAE-SAE standards.

BRAKES

The two brakes are of the contracting band type, and are operated by a pedal located on the right-hand side of the tractor. A brake lock, located above the brake pedal, holds the brakes in the applied position when the tractor is parked.

STEERING MECHANISM

The 2010 Crawler Tractor is steered by two combination clutch and brake mechanisms located in the steering clutch housings. Pulling back on a steering lever separates the drive facings and driven plates of the dry-type multiple disk clutch on that side, interrupting flow of power to that track sprocket. Any further rearward movement of the steering lever contracts a brake band around the drum on the clutch driven assembly, retarding or stopping motion of the sprocket and track.

The brake bands can also be operated by the pedal located on the right-hand side of the tractor. Depressing the pedal applies both brakes; it does not disengage the steering clutches.

3-POINT HITCH

The 2010 Crawler Tractor may be equipped with a 3-point hitch to which a wide variety of equipment can be attached. The hitch is actuated through the rockshaft by one or two remote hydraulic cylinders.

The hitch is designed for use with equipment having a category 2 hitch.

TRACKS

The tracks are made of extremely tough steel. Replaceable, four-bolt track shoes are bolted to hardened links which are joined together by replaceable pressed-in pins and bushings. Track shoes are available in 10-, 12-, and 14-inch widths.

TRACK CARRIER ASSEMBLIES

Tracks are held in position by heavy steel carrier assemblies.

Track tread width is fixed at 48 inches.

Tracks are aligned and adjusted for tension by shifting the idler wheels forward or backward as required. A hydraulic track tension adjuster is available as optional equipment.

SERIES 20 WINCH

The Series 20 Winch is a gear-driven, hydraulically controlled mechanism that mounts by means of adapters to the left and right steering clutch housings and is coupled to, and driven by, the powershaft clutch drive shaft.

Group 10 SPECIFICATIONS

	•		UA110
PERFORMANCE			TRAVE
	Diesel	Gasoline	1111111
Nebraska Test No	830	829	1
Max. drawbar pull (lbs) (gasoline tractor weighing		10,093	
9550 lbs. and diesel trac- tor weighing 9645 lbs.)	•		Gear
Max. PTO horsepower	47 72	47.45	1-4
Max. drawbar horsepower		39.18	1st
max. drawbar horsepower	09.00	39.10	2nd
ENGINE			3rd
ENGINE			4th
Flywheel horsepower (SAE			5th
corrected)	52.0	52.0	6th
Torque (ft-lbs.) Max. (SAE	02.0	04.0	7th 8th
corrected) (1500 rpm)	124.5	119.0	Rev. 1
Torque (ft-lbs.) (SAE cor-	121,0	110.0	Rev. 1
rected) (2500 rpm)	109.3	109.3	Rev. 3
Number of cylinders	4	4	Rev. 4
Bore and stroke (inches)	3-7/8 x	3-5/8 x	1007. 4
, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -	3-1/2	3-1/2	CAPACI
Displacement in cubic inch-	,	,	
es	165	145	Fuel tan
N.A.C.C. or A.M.A. horse-			Cooling
power rating for tax pur-			Air clea
poses	24.03	21.03	Engine c
Intake valve clearance			ter)
(cold) (in.)	0.012	0.012	•
Exhaust valve clearance			Transmi
(cold) (in.)	0.018	0.018	
Compression ratio	19 to 1	7.9 to 1*	H-L-R
Slow-idle (rpm)	800	600	Constar
Fast-idle (rpm)	2 650	2700	Constan
Working speed range			Final dri
(rpm)			
Engine clutch: 1. Constant M loaded, dry disk, foot operation	ated.		DIMENS
2. <u>H-L-R</u> : 10-inch, sprin			Height
hand lever operated (for co	old weathe	er starting	Over-al
only)			Over-al
TRANSMISSION			Over-al
Constant Mesh: High ran	nge 10m -	rance and	with o
Comprant Medii Indu I al	rge, row .	i ange, and	witho

reverse grouped to shift mechanically in series with 4-speed gear ratios to give eight forward speed and 4 reverse speeds. Helical gears.

H-L-R: High, low, and reverse grouped to shift (under full load with a hydraulic assist) in series with 4 speed gear ratios to give 8 forward speeds and 4 reverse speeds. Wet clutches.

Gear	R	D) (Constant Mesl Transmission	
Gear		rm	RPM		
	1500	2500	1500	25	
1st	.8	1.3	.9	1	
2nd	1.1	1.8	1.1	1	
3rd	1.2	2.0	1.4	2	
4th	1.7	2.8	1.7	2	
5th	1.8	3.0	2.1	3	
6th	2.6	4.3	2.6	4	
7th	2.8	4.7	3.3	5	
8th	4.0	6.7	4.0	6	
Rev. 1	1.0	1.7	1.0	1	
Rev. 2	1.7	2.7	1.6	2	
Rev. 3	2.5	4.1	2.5	4	
Rev. 4	3.8	6.4	3.8	6	
Air clean Engine cr ter)	ystem er cup ankcase (ir	ncluding fil	3 U. To	S. ga	
	Mesh (-34742)		27 qt: 27 qt:	
		43-U p)	<i></i> 3	32 qt:	
Final driv	e case (eac	ch	1/	2 ga	

- J	
Over-all height 72-7/8:	inches
Over-all width, min. \dots 61-1/4	inches
Over-all length	
with drawbar 120-7/16	inches
without drawbar 112-7/16	inches
Clearance	
Clearance	
with drawbar 11-1/4:	inches
without drawbar 11-11/16:	
Shipping weight (approx.) 8500	
0.400	4.

8400 Gasoline

*9.0 to 1 for high altitude engines.

TRACK EQUIPMENT	Gear reduction ratio in eighth gear (engine to axle) (H-L-R and Con-
Track frame 5 roller Track shoes (types and sizes):	stant Mesh) 27.2 to 1
Open center full grouser (12- or 14- inch)	IGNITION SYSTEM (Gasoline)
All-purpose semi-grouser (12- inch) Steel grouser (10-, 12-, or 14-	Type Battery - distributor Distributor point gap 0,022-inch Spark plugs
inch) Snow shoes (12- or 14-inch) Rubber (10-inch)	Size 14 mm Gap 0.025-inch
Offset open center grouser (14-inch)	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM
Track tread (center to center) 48 inches Number of track shoes (each side). 39 Total ground contact area (sq. inch):	Battery (dry) voltage (nominal) 12 volts Battery specific gravity full charge 1.250 (plus or minus .010)
10-inch shoes	Battery terminal grounded positive Generator regulation Voltage regulator Fuse (electrical outlet socket) SFE 20 Fuse (front lights) AGC 7-1/2
with 14-inch shoes 4.1 Length of track on ground (ins.) 72-1/4	SERIES 20 WINCH
STEERING	Drum speed (at 2200 rpm engine speed)
Clutches multiple disk Brakes contracting band	Drum diameter 6 inches Drum capacities: *
Number of friction sur- faces (each clutch) 16 Turning clearance circle . 190 in.	(with 1/2-inch cable) 195 feet (with 5/8-inch cable) 125 feet (with 3/4-inch cable) 100 feet
FINAL DRIVE	Cable speeds (at 2200 rpm engine speed):
Induction hardened spur-gear type. Gears mounted on anti-friction type bearings	(with bare drum) 100 fpm (with full drum) 159 fpm Cable pulls (at 2200 rpm engine
Gear reduction ratio in first gear (engine to axle) (H-L-R) 144 to 1	speed): (with bare drum)
Gear reduction ratio in first gear (engine to axle) (Constant Mesh) 124.4 to 1	(with full drum) 8,700 lbs.
•	*Calculated capacities-allowance must be made for looseness or uneven spooling.
	(Specifications and design subject to change without notice)

Section 20

TRACTOR SEPARATION

Group 5

SEPARATING FRONT END SUPPORT FROM ENGINE

Remove fuel tank cap and vertical muffler.

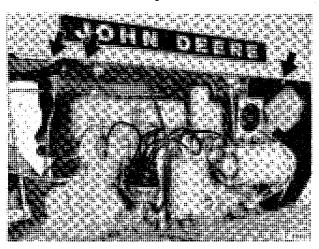


Fig. 20-5-1-Hood Attaching Points

On each side of hood, remove cap screws at rear (Fig. 20-5-1). Loosen hex. nuts on eyebolts attaching hood to grille housing. Lift off hood.

Remove grille screen and attach hoist to grille housing.

Disconnect leads from front headlights.

Remove the cap screws attaching grille to front end support.

With the aid of chain hoist remove grille housing.

Refer to illustrations and remove or disconnect the following parts.

1. Drain radiator and disconnect water inlet and outlet hoses. Remove oil cooler lines.

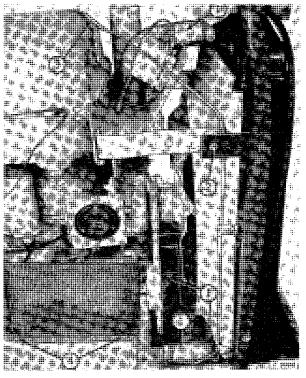
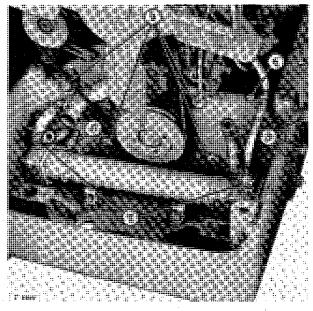


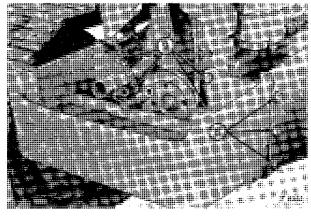
Fig. 20-5-2-Disconnecting Radiator

NOTE: To prevent excessive loss of oil, keep transmission oil cooler lines propped up.

- 2. Remove lock nuts which secure radiator braces to radiator.
 - 3. Disconnect fuel vent line.
- 4. Remove stop nuts which secure the radiator to the front end supports. Lift radiator from tractor. Remove lower baffle.



Tractors (-45155) (H-L-R Unit Shown)



All Tractors (45156-Up)

Fig. 20-5-3-Removing Front End Support

- 5. On tractors (-45155) equipped with H-L-R transmissions, disconnect oil cooler from hydraulic line.
- 6. On tractors (-45155) equipped with H-L-R transmissions, remove clamp from water line.
- 7. On tractors (-45155) equipped with H-L-R transmissions, disconnect water lines from cooler.

- 8. Remove the six cap screws attaching the front end support to the side frames. Remove five cap screws attaching front end support to bottom plate.
- 9. Remove the four cap screws attaching the front end support to the engine block and pull front end support free of engine.

ASSEMBLY

Position the front end support in line with the mounting points of the engine and install the four attaching cap screws. Tighten cap screws to 170 foot-pounds.

Line up side frame with front end support and install cap screws with lock washers. Torque cap screws to 150 foot-pounds.

Secure bottom plate to front end support with cap screws and lock washers.

On tractors (-45155) equipped with H-L-R transmissions, connect oil cooler lines and clamp the water line to the front end support.

Install radiator baffle.

Install radiator and secure with stop nuts.

Connect the radiator inlet and outlet hoses and the oil cooler lines to the radiator.

Connect fuel tank vent line.

Secure the radiator braces to the radiator.

Install grille housing on front end support with all baffling in place. Secure to front end support. Torque the rear screws to 85 foot-pounds. Torque the front screws to 170 foot-pounds.

Connect light leads.

Install grille screen in grille housing.

Secure hood and muffler. Install fuel tank cap.

Fill cooling system with clean soft water or antifreeze solution as required. Install radiator cap.

Group 10

SEPARATING ENGINE FROM CLUTCH HOUSING

Remove hood, grille housing, radiator and front end support (Group 5).

Disconnect battery ground strap.

Remove front bottom plate from tractor.

Disconnect oil cooler lines from rear of block connector on right side of engine. Remove front lines and block connector from tractor. Loosen connections on rear lines.

Refer to illustrations and remove or disconnect the following parts.

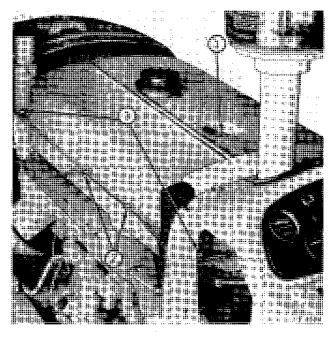


Fig. 20-10-1-Fuel Tank Attaching Points (Gasoline Illustrated)

1. Disconnect fuel gauge wire at fuel gauge sender.

Close fuel shut-offs and disconnect fuel tank outlet lines and fuel return line on diesel tractors. Close fuel shut-offs and disconnect fuel lines on gasoline tractors.

- 2. Remove clips attaching water temperature sending unit to fuel tank.
- 3. Remove the cowl cover. Remove the four cap screws attaching fuel tank to the front and rear fuel tank support brackets and remove tank.

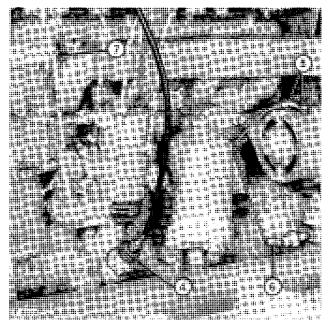


Fig. 20-10-2-Disconnecting Wiring and Linkage (Right Side of Diesel Engine)

- 4. Disconnect tachometer cable at coupling.
- 5. Disconnect wiring harness at generator.
- 6. Disconnect wiring harness at ignition coil (gasoline tractors) and at oil pressure sending unit.
- 7. Disconnect speed control rod from injection pump (diesel tractor) or bellcrank (gasoline tractor).

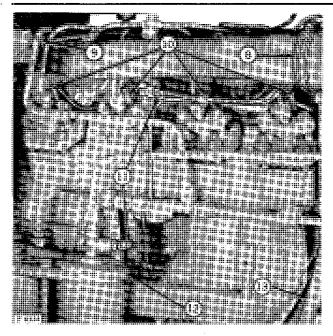


Fig. 20-10-3-Disconnecting Wiring and Linkage (Left Side of Diesel Engine)

- 8. Disconnect air cleaner hose to air intake manifold (diesel tractors) or to carburetor (gasoline tractors).
- 9. Disconnect water temperature sending unit from water outlet manifold.
- 10. Remove wiring harness from glow plugs (diesel tractors).
- 11. Disconnect primer fuel lines (diesel tractors), if tractor is so equipped.
- 12. Remove fuel filter assembly (diesel tractors).
- 13. Remove ventilator outlet tube (diesel tractors).
- 14. Disconnect throttle rod from carburetor (gasoline tractors).
- 15. Remove manifold to carburetor attaching cap screws and remove carburetor. When removing carburetor, disconnect choke cable (gasoline tractors).
- 16. Remove battery cable and wiring harness from starter solenoid.
- 17. Remove two hex. nuts attaching starter to starter adapter housing and lift out starter. Remove adapter.

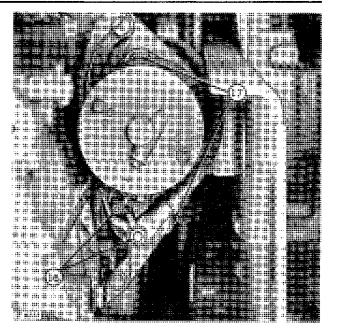


Fig. 20-10-4—Detaching Starter

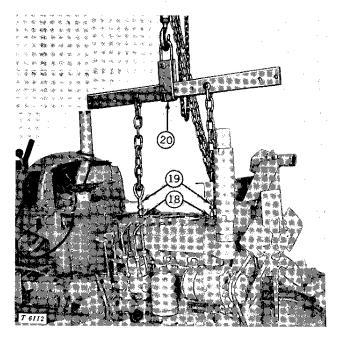


Fig. 20-10-5-Sling for Lifting Engine

- 18. Install two JD217 adapters in rocker arm cover (diesel tractors). Remove hex nuts from rocker arm cover studs (gasoline tractors).
- 19. Install two JD218 eyebolts in adapters (diesel tractors) and on studs (gasoline tractors).

20. Place JDG-1 sling on a hoist and attach sling to eyebolts as shown.

Remove cap screws attaching engine flange to clutch housing.

Remove cap screws securing engine rear cover to clutch housing.

Using hoist, pull engine forward off clutch housing mounting. Lift engine from tractor.

ASSEMBLY

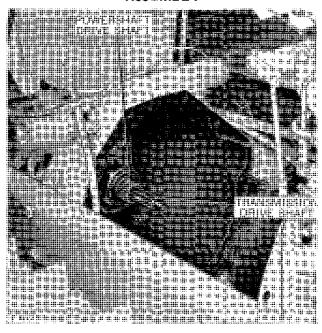


Fig. 20-10-6—Transmission and Powershaft Drive Shaft Indexing Points (Constant Mesh Transmission)

On tractors equipped with a constant mesh transmission, the indexing of the front transmission drive shaft with the driven disk takes place before the indexing of the powershaft drive shaft with the pressure plate as shown in Fig. 20-10-6. Due to the time delay during indexing, it is possible that the powershaft drive shaft might not index with the pressure plate. This will result in breakage of the pressure plate and driven disk.

To install engine correctly, line up studs and cap screws holes of the engine with those of the clutch housing. Bar engine over, holding in a horizontal position and exerting a steady pressure on the engine toward the clutch housing.

CAUTION: Engine should index on both shafts and be securely against clutch housing before drawing up studs and cap screws.

Tighten engine to clutch housing hardware securely and remove engine sling.

Install starter and connect battery cable and wiring harness to starter.

Install carburetor and connect choke cable to carburetor and throttle rod to bellcrank (gasoline tractor).

Secure fuel filter with fuel lines to engine and install ventilator outlet tube (diesel tractors). Connect primer fuel lines.

Connect wiring harness to glow plugs (diesel tractors).

Connect water temperature sending unit to water outlet manifold.

Connect air cleaner hose to air intake manifold (diesel tractors) or to carburetor (gasoline tractors).

Connect the wiring to the generator, negative terminal of coil (gasoline tractors), and to the oil pressure sending unit.

Attach throttle control rod to fuel injection pump (diesel tractors). Connect speed control rod (gasoline tractors).

Connect tachometer cable to coupling below the distributor well (gasoline tractors) or the fuel injection pump well (diesel tractors).

Position fuel tank over mounts and secure with hex. nuts.

Connect fuel tank lines and vent tube.

Connect fuel gauge sending unit.

Connect oil cooler lines.

Install frontend support, radiator grille housing, and hood (Group 5). Install cowl cover and front bottom plate.

Connect battery ground strap and polarize generator before attempting to start engine.

If engine has been overhauled during removal, a tune-up must be performed as outlined in Section 40.

Group 15

SEPARATING TRANSMISSION FROM CLUTCH HOUSING

To separate the tractor between the transmission case and the clutch housing use the following procedure:

Remove the rear bottom plate.

Drain the transmission.

Remove the seat and seat support assembly.

Remove fenders and footrests.

Disconnect track (Section 180).

Remove cap screws attaching rock guards to final drive housing oil pans.

Remove sprocket shields. Remove bracket caps attaching final drive housing to rear cross-bar.

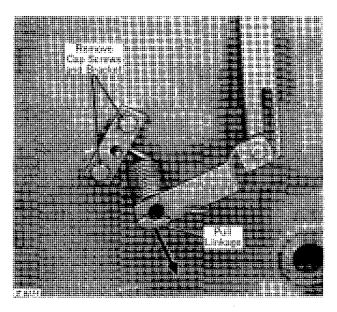


Fig. 20-15-1-Disconnecting Hydraulia Pump

If tractor is equipped with a hydraulic pump disengaging lever, refer to Fig. 20-15-1 and do the following:

Loosen the two cap screws that secure the hydraulic pump disengaging lever retaining spring bracket to the clutch housing and pull linkage out as far as possible.

Disconnect speed change rod from shifter arm on left side of transmission case.

Remove the clamps which secure wiring harness to the transmission top cover.

Disconnect the rear wiring harness and tag for identification.

Disconnect wire leads from starter safety switch.

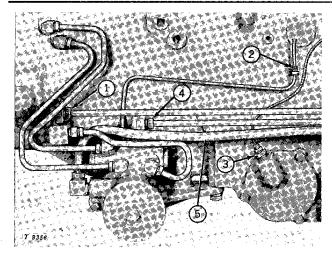
Remove speed change arm and shaft (refer to Fig. 120-10-6, steps 3, 5, 6, and 7).

Remove the three cap screws that attach the junction block to the top of the clutch housing, if tractor is so equipped. Remove junction block from clutch housing.

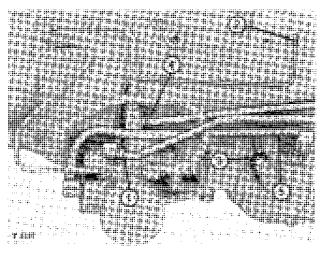
If tractor is not equipped with a junction block, remove the three cap screws and plate covering the hole and pull the adapter from the clutch housing.

Remove the cap screws attaching the cowl support to the transmission case.

If tractor is equipped with a constant mesh transmission, remove the clutch housing access plate and remove throw-out bearing return spring. Disconnect oil cooler lines from right side of transmission and remove clamps which secure cooler lines to engine block.



Units (-45155)



Units (45156-Up)

Fig. 20-15-2-Disconnecting H-L-R Lines

If tractor is equipped with an H-L-R transmission, refer to Fig. 20-15-2 and do the following:

- (1) Disconnect the oil cooler line.
- (2) Separate the oil pressure sending unit line.
- (3) Disconnect the oil temperature sending unit from the oil filter cover.
- (4) Disconnect the oil cooler line from the transmission oil filter.
- (5) Disconnect rear pressure line from elbow in port hole (-46295) or from flexible front

pressure line in porthole and remove clamp fastening line to clutch housing (46296-up).

On units (46296-up), push flexible line and grommet from port hole cover into clutch housing. Remove port hole cover.

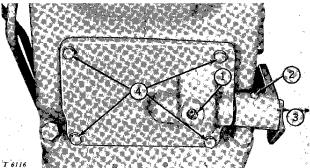


Fig. 20-15-3-Removing Clutch Access Hole Cover

If tractor is equipped with an H-L-R transmission, refer to Fig. 120-15-3 and do the following:

- (1) Remove pipe plug from hole in cover. Place punch through hole and drive out roll pin from clutch disconnect shaft.
- (2) Drive out roll pin and remove arm from end of shaft.
 - (3) Pull shaft free of cover.
- (4) Remove cap screws attaching cover and drop cover.

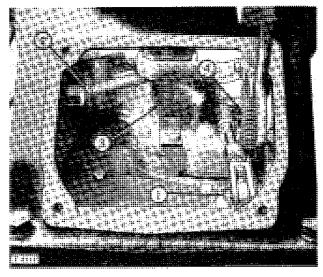


Fig. 20-15-4-Disconnecting Oil Pump Line and Linkage (H-L-R)

If tractor is equipped with H-L-R transmission, refer to Fig. 20-15-4 and do the following:

- (1) Reach through clutch housing access hole and remove cotter pin and pin from linkage.
- (2) On units (-46295), disconnect front pressure line from port hole connector. Remove port hole cover.
 - (3) Remove clutch throw-out spring.
 - (4) Remove clutch throw-out yoke spring.

Disconnect the brake rods from the brake operating arms by removing pin and cotter pin.

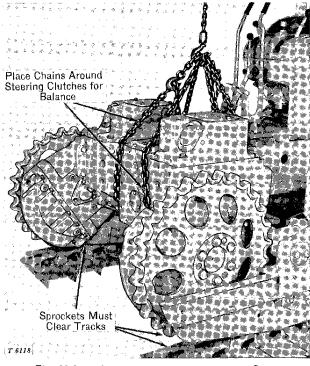


Fig. 20-15-5-Securing Hoist to Transmission Case

Secure hoist to transmission case as shown in Fig. 20-15-5. Raise rear of tractor high enough so that the sprockets clear the track. Place blocking under rear crossbar. Place blocking under grille housing to support engine after the transmission is removed.

NOTE: Blocking under grille housing must be secure to prevent tractor from rolling ahead as the transmission is separated.

Remove the cap screws that attach the side frames to the steering clutch housing.

Remove the cap screws and nuts that secure the transmission case to the clutch housing.

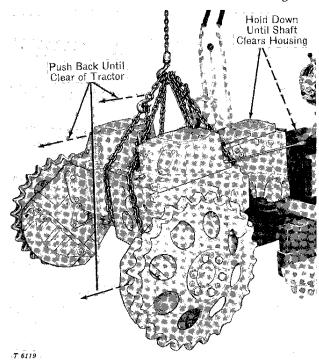


Fig. 20-15-6-Separating Transmission

Using the hoist pull the transmission back and away from the tractor as shown in Fig. 20-15-6.

ASSEMBLY

Move transmission toward clutch housing until throw-out bearing carrier support tube has passed through clutch yoke far enough to allow installation of bearing and its carrier.

Reach through bottom opening of housing and slide throw-out bearing and carrier onto carrier support tube until carrier is snug against clutch yoke.